CASE REPORT

CAPILLARIASIS: CHRONIC WATERY DIARRHEA - NOT ONLY FROM MICROORGANISMS

Teera Kusolsuk¹, Weerapong Phumratanaprapin², Kirana Paohintung³, Somchit Pubampen¹, Surapol Sa-nguankiat¹, Supaporn Nuamtanong¹, Tipayarat Yoonuan¹, Malinee Thairungroj Anantaphruti¹ and Chalit Komalamisra¹

¹Department of Helminthology, ²Department of Clinical Tropical Medicine, ³Hospital for Tropical Diseases, Faculty of Tropical Medicine, Mahidol University, Bangkok, Thailand

Abstract. A 54-year-old male Thai patient from Prachin Buri Province presented with a history of chronic watery diarrhea for many years. He passed stool five to ten times per day with occasionally colicky pain, abdominal distension, nausea and vomiting. He had visited hospitals and private clinics and received treatment but with no improvement. He presented to the Hospital for Tropical Diseases, Bangkok, Thailand, where on physical examination, he had moderate dehydration, weakness, abdominal distension and a gurgling abdomen. The eggs, larvae and adult worms of *Capillaria philippinensis* were found on stool examination. The patient was admitted and treated with Mebendazole for 20 days, whereupon his symptoms resolved. Two months previously, he had ingested a raw small fresh-water fish dish called "*Phra-Pla Siw/Soi*". Small fresh-water fish near the patient's home were collected and examined for *Capillaria philippinensis* have negative for parasitic organisms.

Correspondence: Dr Teera Kusolsuk, Department of Helminthology, Faculty of Tropical Medicine, Mahidol University, 420/6 Ratchawithi Road, Bangkok 10400, Thailand. Tel: 66 (0) 2643 5600; Fax: 66 (0) 2643 5600 E-mail: tmtku@mahidol.ac.th